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THE

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INTERESTING FROM NEW ORLEANS.

[Correspondence of the New York Times.] NEW ORLEANS, August 25.

MIDNIGHT SEARCH OF GEN. DEAUREGARD'S HOUSE.

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MIDNIGHT SEARCH OF GEN. DEAUREGARD'S HOUSE.

I have to relate to you a most extraordinary affair which took place in this city on the night of Wednesday last, about 1 P. M., at the residence of General G. T. Beauregard, on Esplanade-street.

About the hour indicated, the family, including the brother of General Beauregard and a number of guests, were wrapped in profound slumber, when an extraordinary noise was heard in the court-yard of the house below. The ladies were first aronsed, and were suspicious that a burglarious entry was about to be made, and accordingly they awoke the general and his friends, who went down to the back-doors and into the yard, where they found some men in citizens' clothes, of whom they demanded their business and errand.

The reply was the seizure of the persons of the general and his friends, declaring them under arrest, and the opening of the gates and doors, letting in a small body of United States soldiers, under whose custody the prisoners were placed, separated from one another so as not to be abic to communicate. The apparent civilians and their military assistants then commenced a search of the premises, invading every spot, over so snered, from garret to ground, not forgetting the coalhole, and inflicting beyonet stabs in the mattresses, pillows, sofas, etc.

Of course General Beauregard protested against this mode of treating an officer and a gentleman, who had given his parole of honor to the United States, and had not been charged with a viciation of it; but no attention was pard to this, except to make the manner and style of treatment even more rude and insulting. The search wend on, but revealed nothing which could bring discredit upon the distinguished object of their attentions, and some time after daylight it was completed, and its failure to reveal anything improper made manifest.

At the time of the alarm the ladies had come of down and were mute spectators of the singular arrest of their relative and host. Observing one of them, the general, who was standing under guard in the corner, snoke to her in French, and advised her to go to her room and complete her toilet. The chief of the invading party followed ther into her room and pushed into it after her. Upon her remonstrating with him at this intrusion, he made an insulting remark, and threatened her with violence if she repeated what she had said, which she nevertheless did, without his venturing to carry his unmanly threat into execution. At last morning came, and day brought with it an end to this singular domiciliary visitation; the search was given up, and the apparent civilians and their soldier aids departed, leaving their prisoners weary and wan, but at liberty. Before they left General Beauregard asked their leader his name, and it was given him as Colonel Young.

At the proper hour General Beauregard repaired to the headquarters of Major-General Sheridan, to whose presence he was at once admitted, and by whom he was treated with the greatest consideration and courtesy. General Sheridan assured him that he had not directed, nor was he aware of any intention, to make any such search or to inflict any such insult upon the former, and assured him that he would take particular pains to see that none such should take place in the future.

These particulars have been furnished by cyewitnesses and subjects of this very singular and most reprehensible piece of espionage, and are, I presume, altogether correct. But whether strictly true or not, I think all right-minded persons, not war-preachers, will admit that neither the time nor the place, nor the objects of this search, were rightfully chosen.

General Beauregard, when released on his parole, was guaranteed the privilege of remaining at his home, unmolested, and his private effects were free from surrender or capture. If there were suspicions that he had public property in his possession, or had entered into any subsequent combination, in violation of his parole, the first act should have been to arrest him, and not to search his premises without arrest; if there were only suspicious of a violation of his parole, ne indignity should have been offered him, not based on probable cause. The search could have been made as easily in the day as in the night, and acity full of soldiers, detectives, and policemen, cannot easily be fled from, had there been a fear of his escape, by one so well-known as is G. T. Beauregard.

But the whole thing was without authority, as our chief military commander has declared, and I doubt whether any other officer wearing stars will be found to have been mixed up in it. I am sure that General Canby could not have been. It is presumable that this singular affair will be thoroughly investigated. Whether any one will be punished for it or not, I am not so certain.

There was a vero foolish story afloat at Clarksville, Red River county, Texas, on the 5th, that that there had been an engagement near Brownsville between the Imperialists and General Steele, and that the latter lost seven thousand men. It was brought there from Tyler, Texas, and declared to be official. It was fishy, nevertheless, for we have news from the Rio Grande four days later than the rumor, and then all was peace, and likely so to continue.

Tyler, in Smith county, Texas, is an ambitious little "city." It has as yet not had troops quartered upon its inhabitants, and it consequently puts forth, through its Reporter, the following boast of itself:

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STYLES CARTES TON.

S. C., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 18G5.

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SCHEME 10. Annual foliars, there would be on activated and the foliage of the consistent on the constitution of the constitution o

The Russian Telegraph.

The following interesting article on the Russo-American Telegraph, we take from the St. Louis Now that failure has followed the last attempt

wire laid across the bed of the Alantic Ocean.

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